

Sons of the American Revolution



(®)



Captain Barron's Bugle

Newsletter of Captain William Barron Chapter No. 25, Tyler, Texas
Davidson, Editor



The President's Message

Compatriots and Friends
of the Captain William Barron Chapter,

I hope everyone is well. To my knowledge, none of our members or their families have contracted Covid 19. For that, we are all grateful. Please continue to be safe.

Sadly, this pandemic has forced all of us to change our daily routines and reestablish new priorities. After consulting with Traditions Restaurant, Chapter officers and members, and contacting members in other heritage groups, I have decided to cancel our May meeting.

We will not meet in May. Our next meeting is tentatively scheduled for July 28, 2020 for our annual SAR-SRT meeting.

Before that meeting, we will celebrate two national holidays – Memorial Day and the 4th of July. Please put out your flags, if you have them, and join the Nation in celebrating, in your own way, these two important days.

Until we meet again, be safe.

Michael Johnson
President-Registrar
Captain William Barron Chapter TXSSAR



The Sons of The American Revolution

The Sons of the American Revolution is the leading male lineage society that perpetuates the ideals of the War for Independence.

As an historical, educational, and patriotic non-profit corporation organized under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, we seek to maintain and expand the meaning of patriotism, respect for our national symbols, the value of American citizenship, and the unifying force of "e pluribus unum" that was created from the people of many nations -- one nation and one people.

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SAR Websites

National SAR www.sar.org
State SAR www.txssar.org
Barron Chapter
www.rootsweb.com/~txwbcsar/index.htm

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Upcoming Events

Chapter Meetings @ 6:30
4th Tuesday - at Traditions Restaurant
6205 S. Broadway, Tyler

TENTATIVE: Tuesday, July 28, 2020

September 22

Arrive as early as 5:45 if you wish to socialize
and/or eat dinner. Meeting begins at 6:30; ends before 8:00.

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Newsletter of Capt. William Barron Chapter No. 25, Tyler, Texas

Captain Barron's Bugle

is published for members and friends of Captain William Barron Chapter 25, SAR. Opinions expressed herein are opinions of individual writers, and do not necessarily reflect official positions of organization.

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Cutoff date for articles is 5th of month.

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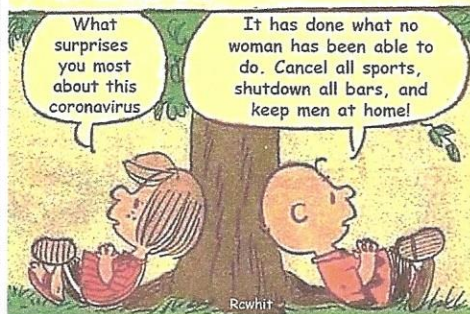
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Barron Chapter Meeting

Terry Cowan, Vice President

The meeting scheduled for May 19 has been cancelled due to the corona virus. Our next meeting is tentatively scheduled for July 28. We will keep you informed.

PEANUTS



New Chapter Member

We welcome one new compatriot as a transfer into the Barron Chapter.



Jim Vornberg from the Plano Chapter

Barron Bank Balance –
May 6, 2020 \$10,672.23

Barron Membership – 111

Barron Chapter Sponsors

Capt. William Barron Chapter is grateful to Brookshire Grocery Co. and Austin Bank for their donations to fund our Youth and American History Teacher Award Contests.

American Revolutionary War Patriots Buried In Texas

Continuing our series - From Texas SAR Website

5. *John Bain (Beins)- The Revolutionary War service of this Irish Immigrant is not known. He is buried at Vox Populi, Colorado Co.

6. Joseph de la Baume was born in 1731 near Avignon, France. He came with the French Army to fight for American Independence and served under Viscomte de Bonneville. He became stranded in Louisiana after the American Revolution and came to Texas in 1800, finally locating near Bexar (now San Antonio). Joseph was caught up in the Magee-Gueterriez effort to free Texas from Spain in 1813, and was imprisoned for seven months and fined 7,000 doubloons. De la Baume later received land from the Mexican government after they won their independence from Spain, and later received a land grant from Stephen F. Austin. Sam Houston certified his claim for a pension for his service during the American Revolution, but the claim was denied by US Government. Joseph de la Baume died April 4, 1834 at the age of 103 and was buried in the Jefferson Cemetery near Bellville, Texas in Austin County. There are old pictures of his grave, but attempts by Clovis to locate the grave were unsuccessful. A memorial marker was placed at the Austin County Jail Museum by the Alexander Hodge Chapter in 2010.

7. *Eye Bead- An Ioni Caddo Chief who claimed to have commanded a Company of Indians under General Washington.

8. *James Carter (1769 - 1850) - North Carolina native who enlisted in the First North Carolina Regiment of Militia. He died on 1 March, 1850, and is buried in Russell Cemetery at Bonham.

9. John James Cedar was born in England in 1761 and came to America as a British soldier, but deserted and served in the Continental Army. He came to Texas in 1803 and is buried on Palogacho Creek, Nacogdoches County.

God's Accuracy

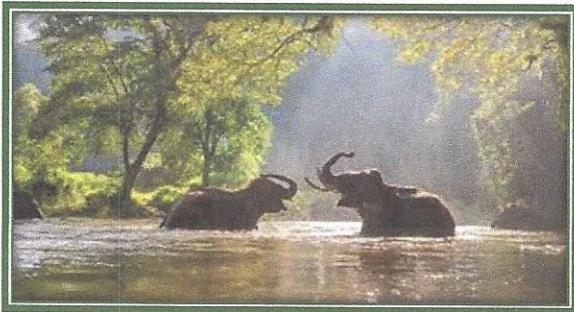
Author unknown

When GOD solves our problems, we have faith in HIS abilities. When GOD doesn't solve our problems, HE has faith in OUR abilities.

One may observe God's accuracy
in the hatching of eggs...
those of the Canary in 14 days;
those of the Barnyard Hen in 21 days;
Eggs of Ducks and Geese in 28 days;
those of the Mallard in 35 days;
Eggs of the Parrot and the Ostrich
hatch in 42 days.

(Notice, they are all divisible by seven,
the number of days in a week!)

See God's Wisdom in the making of an Elephant...



The four legs of this great beast
all bend forward in the same direction.
No other quadruped is so made.
God planned that this animal
would have a huge body...
too large to live on two legs.
For this reason He gave it four fulcrums
so that it can rise from the ground easily.

The Horse rises from the ground
on its two front legs first.

A Cow rises from the ground
with its two hind legs first.

How wise the Lord is in all His works of Creation!

The Waves of the Sea roll
in on shore
Twenty-six to the Minute
in all kinds of weather.



Each Watermelon has an even number
of stripes on the Rind.

Each Orange has an even number of segments.

Each ear of Corn has an even number of rows.

Each stalk of Wheat has an
even number of grains.

Every bunch of Bananas has on its lowest row
an even number of Bananas,
and each row decreases by one,
so that one row has an even number
and the next row an odd number.

All Grains are found
in even numbers on the stalks.

Amazing!
There's more...

God has caused the Flowers to Blossom
at certain specified times during the day.

Linnaeus, the Great Botanist, once said
that if he had a Conservatory



containing the right kind of Soil,
Moisture, and Temperature,
he could tell the Time of Day or Night
by the Flowers that were Open
and those that were Closed.

**About the Signers
of the Declaration of Independence**

Connecticut • Delaware • Georgia • Maryland
Massachusetts • New Hampshire • New Jersey
New York • North Carolina • Pennsylvania
South Carolina • Rhode Island • Virginia
ConstitutionFacts.com

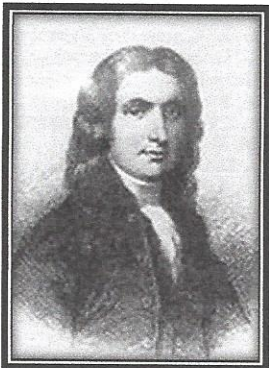
.....Continuing the series of short biographies of each of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence...alphabetically by State and by Signer.

Together, they mutually pledged *"to each other our Lives, our Fortunes and our sacred Honor."*

New Jersey

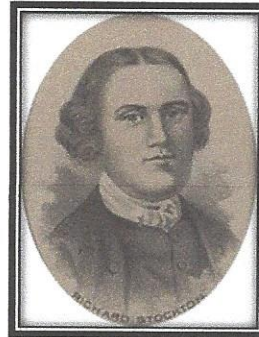
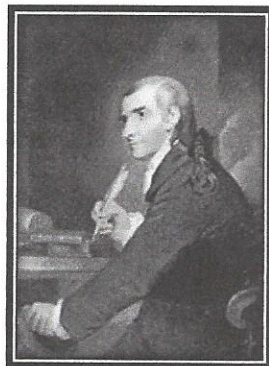


Abraham Clark (1726-1794)
Abraham Clark was a farmer, surveyor and politician who spent most of his life in public service. He was a member of the New Jersey state legislature, represented his state at the Annapolis Convention in 1786, and was opposed to the Constitution until it incorporated a bill of rights. He served in the United States Congress for two terms from 1791 until his death in 1794.

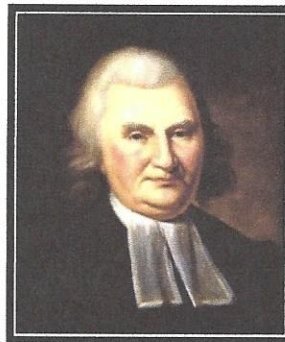


John Hart (1711-1779)
John Hart became the Speaker of the Lower House of the New Jersey state legislature. His property was destroyed by the British during the course of the Revolutionary War, and his wife died three months after the adoption of the Declaration of Independence. During the ravaging of his home, Hart spent time in the Sourland Mountains in exile.

Francis Hopkinson (1737-1791)—Francis Hopkinson was a judge and lawyer by profession but also was a musician, poet and artist. When the Revolutionary War was over, he became one of the most respected writers in the country. He was later appointed Judge to the U.S. Court for the District of Pennsylvania in 1790.



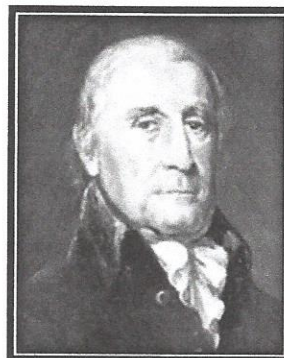
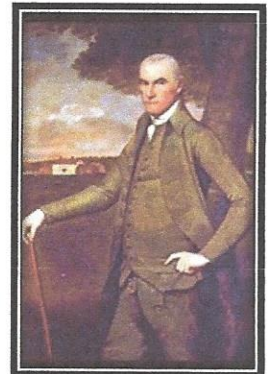
Richard Stockton (1730-1781)—Richard Stockton was trained to be a lawyer and graduated from the College of New Jersey. He was elected to the Continental Congress in 1776 and was the first of the New Jersey delegation to sign the Declaration of Independence. In November 1776 he was captured by the British and was eventually released in 1777 in very poor physical condition. His home at Morven was destroyed by the British during the war and he died in 1781 at the age of 50.



John Witherspoon (1723-1794)—John Witherspoon was the only active clergyman among the signers of the Declaration of Independence. He was elected to the Continental Congress from 1776-1782, elected to the state legislature in New Jersey from 1783-1789 and was the president of the College of New Jersey from 1768-1792. In his later years he spent a great deal of time trying to rebuild the College of New Jersey (Princeton).

New York

William Floyd (1734-1821)
William Floyd had his estate in New York destroyed by the British and Loyalists during the Revolutionary War. He was a member of the United States Congress from 1789-1791 and was a presidential elector from New York four times. He was later a major general in the New York militia and served as a state senator.



Francis Lewis (1713-1802)—Francis Lewis was one who truly felt the tragedy of the Revolutionary War. His wife died as an indirect result of being imprisoned by the British, and he lost all of his property on Long Island, New York during the war. When his wife died, Lewis left Congress and completely abandoned politics.